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[Entry info] [Name and origin] [References] [Comments] [Cross-references] [Keywords] [Features] [Sequence] [Tools]

Note: most headings are clickable, even if they don't appear as links. They link to the user manual or other documents.

Entry information

Entry name

TGF4 MOUSE

Primary accession number

Q64280

Secondary accession numbers

None

Entered in Swiss-Prot in

Release 35, November 1997

Sequence was last modified in

Release 35, November 1997

Annotations were last modified in

Release 44, July 2004

Name and origin of the protein

Protein name

Transforming growth factor beta 4 [Precursor]

Synonyms

TGF-beta 4 Lefty protein Lefty-1 protein STRA3 protein

Gene name

Name: Ebaf

Synonyms: Tgfb4, Stra3, Lefty, Lefty1

From

Mus musculus (Mouse) [TaxID: 10090]

Taxonomy

Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae;

Mus.

References

[1] SEQUENCE FROM NUCLEIC ACID.

DOI=10.1038/381151a0; MEDLINE=96202359; PubMed=8610011 [NCBI, ExPASy, EBI, Israel, Japan

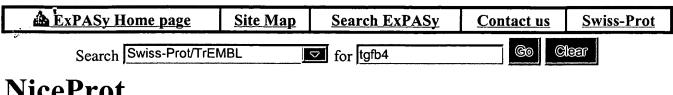
Meno C., Saijoh Y., Fujii H., Ikeda M., Yokoyama T., Yokoyama M., Toyoda Y., Hamada H.; "Left-right asymmetric expression of the TGF beta-family member lefty in mouse embryos.": Nature 381:151-155(1996).

[2] SEQUENCE FROM NUCLEIC ACID.

Bouillet P.;

Submitted (JUN-1996) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

[3] SEQUENCE FROM NUCLEIC ACID.



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View of

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Prot:

O00292

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Quick BlastP search

[Entry info] [Name and origin] [References] [Comments] [Cross-references] [Keywords] [Features] [Sequence] [Tools]

Note: most headings are clickable, even if they don't appear as links. They link to the user manual or other documents.

Entry information

Entry name TGF4 HUMAN Primary accession number O00292

Secondary accession numbers O75611 Q8NBQ9

Entered in Swiss-Prot in Release 35, November 1997 Sequence was last modified in Release 40, October 2001 Annotations were last modified in Release 44, July 2004

Name and origin of the protein

Protein name

Synonyms

Jeris Children Childr Transforming growth factor beta 4 [Precursor]

TGF-beta 4

Endometrial bleeding-associated factor

Left-right determination factor A

Lefty-A protein

Gene name Name: EBAF

Synonyms: TGFB4, LEFTA, LEFTYA

From Homo sapiens (Human) [TaxID: 9606]

Taxonomy Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;

Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.

References

[1] SEQUENCE FROM NUCLEIC ACID.

TISSUE=Placenta;

MEDLINE=97298127; PubMed=9153275 [NCBI, ExPASy, EBI, Israel, Japan]

Kothapalli R., Buyuksal I., Wu S.-Q., Chegini N., Tabibzadeh S.:

"Detection of ebaf, a novel human gene of the transforming growth factor beta superfamily association of gene expression with endometrial bleeding.":

J. Clin. Invest. 99:2342-2350(1997).

[2] REVISIONS.

MEDLINE=99162193; PubMed=10053005 [NCBI, ExPASy, EBI, Israel, Japan]

Kothapalli R.:

Unpublished results, cited by: Kosaki K., Bassi M.T., Kosaki R., Lewin M., Belmont J., Schauer G.,

Casey B.; Am. J. Hum. Genet. 64:712-721(1999).

[3] SEQUENCE FROM NUCLEIC ACID, AND VARIANT L-R AXIS MALFORMATIONS ASN-342.

TISSUE=Placenta;

MEDLINE=99162193; PubMed=10053005 [NCBI, ExPASy, EBI, Israel, Japan]

Kosaki K., Bassi M.T., Kosaki R., Lewin M., Belmont J., Schauer G., Casey B.;

"Characterization and mutation analysis of human LEFTY A and LEFTY B, homologues of murine genes implicated in left-right axis development.";

Am. J. Hum. Genet. 64:712-721(1999).

[4] SEQUENCE FROM NUCLEIC ACID.

DOI=10.1038/ng1285; PubMed=14702039 [NCBI, ExPASy, EBI, Israel, Japan] Ota T., Suzuki Y., Nishikawa T., Otsuki T., Sugiyama T., Irie R., Wakamatsu A., Hayashi K., Sato H., Nagai K., Kimura K., Makita H., Sekine M., Obayashi M., Nishi T., Shibahara T., Tanaka T., Ishii S., Yamamoto J.-I., Saito K., Kawai Y., Isono Y., Nakamura Y., Nagahari K., Murakami K., Yasuda T., Iwayanagi T., Wagatsuma M., Shiratori A., Sudo H., Hosoiri T., Kaku Y., Kodaira H., Kondo H., Sugawara M., Takahashi M., Kanda K., Yokoi T., Furuya T., Kikkawa E., Omura Y., Abe K., Kamihara K., Katsuta N., Sato K., Tanikawa M., Yamazaki M., Ninomiya K., Ishibashi T., Yamashita H., Murakawa K., Fujimori K., Tanai H., Kimata M., Watanabe M., Hiraoka S., Chiba Y., Ishida S., Ono Y., Takiguchi S., Watanabe S., Yosida M., Hotuta T., Kusano J., Kanehori K., Takahashi-Fujii A., Hara H., Tanase T.-O., Nomura Y., Togiya S., Komai F., Hara R., Takeuchi K., Arita M., Imose N., Musashino K., Yuuki H., Oshima A., Sasaki N., Aotsuka S., Yoshikawa Y., Matsunawa H., Ichihara T., Shiohata N., Sano S., Moriya S., Momiyama H., Satoh N., Takami S., Terashima Y., Suzuki O., Nakagawa S., Senoh A., Mizoguchi H., Goto Y., Shimizu F., Wakebe H., Hishigaki H., Watanabe T., Sugiyama A., Takemoto M., Kawakami B., Yamazaki M., Watanabe K., Kumagai A., Itakura S., Fukuzumi Y., Fujimori Y., Komiyama M., Tashiro H., Tanigami A., Fujiwara T., Ono T., Yamada K., Fujii Y., Ozaki K., Hirao M., Ohmori Y., Kawabata A., Hikiji T., Kobatake N., Inagaki H., Ikema Y., Okamoto S., Okitani R., Kawakami T., Noguchi S., Itoh T., Shigeta K., Senba T., Matsumura K., Nakajima Y., Mizuno T., Morinaga M., Sasaki M., Togashi T., Oyama M., Hata H., Watanabe M., Komatsu T., Mizushima-Sugano J., Satoh T., Shirai Y., Takahashi Y., Nakagawa K., Okumura K., Nagase T., Nomura N., Kikuchi H., Masuho Y., Yamashita R., Nakai K., Yada T., Nakamura Y., Ohara O., Isogai T., Sugano S.; "Complete sequencing and characterization of 21,243 full-length human cDNAs."; Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).

[5] SEQUENCE FROM NUCLEIC ACID.

TISSUE=Ovary:

DOI=10.1073/pnas.242603899;MEDLINE=22388257;PubMed=12477932 [NCBI, ExPASy, EBI, Israel, Japan]

Strausberg R.L., Feingold E.A., Grouse L.H., Derge J.G., Klausner R.D., Collins F.S., Wagner L., Shenmen C.M., Schuler G.D., Altschul S.F., Zeeberg B., Buetow K.H., Schaefer C.F., Bhat N.K., Hopkins R.F., Jordan H., Moore T., Max S.I., Wang J., Hsieh F., Diatchenko L., Marusina K., Farmer A.A., Rubin G.M., Hong L., Stapleton M., Soares M.B., Bonaldo M.F., Casavant T.L., Scheetz T.E., Brownstein M.J., Usdin T.B., Toshiyuki S., Carninci P., Prange C., Raha S.S., Loquellano N.A., Peters G.J., Abramson R.D., Mullahy S.J., Bosak S.A., McEwan P.J., McKernan K.J., Malek J.A., Gunaratne P.H., Richards S., Worley K.C., Hale S., Garcia A.M., Gay L.J., Hulyk S.W., Villalon D.K., Muzny D.M., Sodergren E.J., Lu X., Gibbs R.A., Fahey J., Helton E., Ketteman M., Madan A., Rodrigues S., Sanchez A., Whiting M., Madan A., Young A.C., Shevchenko Y., Bouffard G.G., Blakesley R.W., Touchman J.W., Green E.D., Dickson M.C., Rodriguez A.C., Grimwood J., Schmutz J., Myers R.M., Butterfield Y.S.N., Krzywinski M.I., Skalska U., Smailus D.E., Schnerch A., Schein J.E., Jones S.J.M., Marra M.A.; "Generation and initial analysis of more than 15,000 full-length human and mouse cDNA

sequences.";

Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 99:16899-16903(2002).

Comments

- FUNCTION: Required for left-right (L-R) asymmetry determination of organ systems in mammals. May play a role in endometrial bleeding.
- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: Secreted.
- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: Mesenchymal cells of the endometrial stroma.
- **DEVELOPMENTAL STAGE**: Transiently expressed before and during menstrual bleeding.
- *PTM*: The processing of the protein may also occur at the second R-X-X-R site located at AA 132-135. Processing appears to be regulated in a cell-type specific manner.
- **DISEASE**: Defects in EBAF are the cause of left-right axis malformations (L-R axis malformation) [MIM:601877]. The defect includes left pulmonary isomerism, with cardiac anomalies characterized by complete atrioventricular canal defect and hypoplastic left ventricle, and interrupted inferior vena cava.
- SIMILARITY: Belongs to the TGF-beta family.

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Cross-references

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U81523; AAB53269.1; ALT SEQ. [EMBL / GenBank / DDBJ] [CoDingSequence]
                                              [EMBL / GenBank / DDBJ] [CoDingSequence]
              AF081511; AAC32600.1; -.
              AF081508; AAC32600.1; JOINED.[EMBL / GenBank / DDBJ] [CoDingSequence]
              AF081509; AAC32600.1; JOINED.[EMBL / GenBank / DDBJ] [CoDingSequence]
EMBL
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              AF081513; AAD48145.1; -.
                                              [EMBL / GenBank / DDBJ] [CoDingSequence]
              AK075344; BAC11556.1; -.
                                              [EMBL / GenBank / DDBJ] [CoDingSequence]
              BC035718; AAH35718.1; -.
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HSSP
              <u>P10600</u>; 1TGJ. [HSSP ENTRY / PDB]
Genew
              <u>HGNC:3122</u>; EBAF.
CleanEx
              HGNC:3122; EBAF.
GeneCards
              EBAF.
GeneLynx
              EBAF; Homo sapiens.
GenAtlas
              EBAF.
MIM
              601877 [NCBI / EBI].
              GO:0007275; Biological process: development (traceable author statement).
              GO:0007309; Biological process: oocyte axis determination (traceable author
                           statement).
GO
              GO:0007179; Biological process: transforming growth factor beta receptor signaling
                           pathway (traceable author statement).
              QuickGo
              view.
SOURCE
              EBAF: Homo sapiens.
Ensembl
              O00292; Homo sapiens. [Entry / Contig view]
              IPR001839; TGFb.
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IPR001111; TGFb N.

Graphical view of domain structure.

PF00688; TGFb propeptide; 1. Pfam PF00019; TGF beta; 1. Pfam graphical view of domain structure. PD000357; TGFb; 1. ProDom [Domain structure / List of seq. sharing at least 1 domain] PS00250; TGF_BETA 1; 1. PROSITE **HOVERGEN** [Family / Alignment / Tree] **BLOCKS** O00292. ProtoNet O00292. ProtoMap O00292. **PRESAGE** O00292. DIP O00292. ModBase O00292. **SMR** O00292; 63A416CAE30F7A39. SWISS-Get region on 2D PAGE. 2DPAGE

Keywords

UniRef

<u>Cytokine</u>; <u>Developmental protein</u>; <u>Disease mutation</u>; <u>Glycoprotein</u>; <u>Growth factor</u>; <u>Multigene family</u>; <u>Signal</u>.

View cluster of proteins with at least 50% / 90% identity.

Features



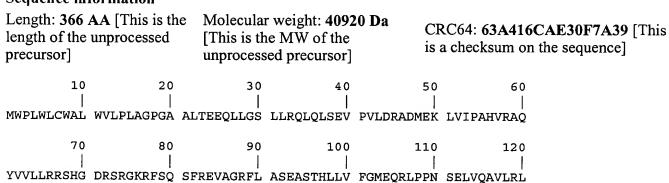
Feature table viewer



Feature aligner

Key	From	To	Length	Description	FTId
SIGNAL	1	21	21	Potential.	
PROPEP	22	76	55	Or 135 (Potential).	
CHAIN	77	366	290	Transforming growth factor beta 4.	
DISULFID	251	264		By similarity.	
DISULFID	263	316		By similarity.	
DISULFID	293	351		By similarity.	
DISULFID	297	353		By similarity.	
CARBOHYD	158	158		N-linked (GlcNAc) (Potential).	
VARIANT	342	342	*	S -> N (in L-R axis malformations).	VAR_010385
CONFLICT	183	183		A -> P (in Ref. $\underline{4}$).	

Sequence information



. 130	140	150 	160 	170 	180
FQEPVPKAAL	HRHGRLSPRS	AQARVTVEWL	RVRDDGSNRT	SLIDSRLVSV	HESGWKAFDV
190 	200	210	220 	230	240
TEAVNFWQQL	SRPRQPLLLQ	VSVQREHLGP	LASGAHKLVR	FASQGAPAGL	GEPQLELHTL
250 	260 	270 	280	290 	300
Ī	260 CDPEAPMTEG	Ī	- 1	Ī	Ī
Ī		Ī	- 1	Ī	Ī
 DLRDYGAQGD	 CDPEAPMTEG	TRCCRQEMYI	DLQGMKWAKN	 WVLEPPGFLA	YECVGTCQQP

PRRLQP

O00292 in FASTA **format**

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BLAST submission on BLAST ExPASy/SIB or at NCBI (USA)



Sequence analysis tools: ProtParam, ProtScale, Compute pI/Mw, PeptideMass, PeptideCutter, Dotlet (Java)

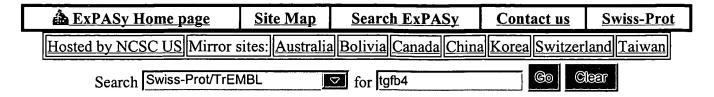


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Search in Swiss-Prot and TrEMBL for: tgfb4

Swiss-Prot Release 44.5 of 13-Sep-2004 TrEMBL Release 27.5 of 13-Sep-2004

- Number of sequences found in <u>Swiss-Prot</u>₍₂₎ and <u>TrEMBL</u>₍₀₎: 2
- For more directed searches, you can use the Sequence Retrieval System SRS.

Search in Swiss-Prot: There are matches to 2 out of 158316 entries

TGF4_HUMAN (O00292)

Transforming growth factor beta 4 precursor (TGF-beta 4) (Endometrial bleeding-associated factor) (Left-right determination factor A) (Lefty-A protein). {GENE: Name=EBAF; Synonyms=TGFB4, LEFTA, LEFTYA} - Homo sapiens (Human)

TGF4_MOUSE (Q64280)

Transforming growth factor beta 4 precursor (TGF-beta 4) (Lefty protein) (Lefty-1 protein) (STRA3 protein). {GENE: Name=Ebaf; Synonyms=Tgfb4, Stra3, Lefty, Lefty1} - Mus musculus (Mouse)

Search in TrEMBL: There are matches to 0 out of 1400820 entries



in Swiss-Prot/TrEMBL by AC, ID, description, gene name, organism

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7/3, KWIC/5 (Item 1 from file: 399)

DIALOG(R) File 399:CA SEARCH(R)

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111091468 CA: 111(11)91468h JOURNAL

Complementary deoxyribonucleic acid cloning of a messenger ribonucleic acid encoding transforming growth factor .beta. 4 from chicken embryo chondrocytes

AUTHOR(S): Jakowlew, Sonia B.; Dillard, Pamela J.; Sporn, Michael B.; Roberts, Anita B.

LOCATION: Lab. Chemoprev., Natl. Cancer Inst., Bethesda, MD, 20892, USA JOURNAL: Mol. Endocrinol. DATE: 1988 VOLUME: 2 NUMBER: 12 PAGES: 1186-95 CODEN: MOENEN ISSN: 0888-8809 LANGUAGE: English ? t s17/9/3 4

17/9/3 (Item 1 from file: 73)

DIALOG(R) File 73: EMBASE

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06240683 EMBASE No: 1995269574

The immunomodulatory diversity of the proteins of the transforming growth factor beta (TGFbetaP) family

Wieczorek Z.; Sion J.; Kluczyk A.; Zbozien R.; Stafanowicz P.; Siemion I.Z.

L. Hirschfeld Inst Immun/Exp Therapy, Polish Academy of Sciences, Czerska 12,53-114 Wrocław Poland

International Journal of Peptide and Protein Research (INT. J. PEPT.

PROTEIN RES.) (Denmark) 1995, 46/2 (113-118)

CODEN: IJPPC ISSN: 0367-8377 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH SUMMARY LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

The examination of immunomodulatory properties of oligopeptides derived from two exposed loops (containing thymopentin-like and tuftsin-like sequences, respectively) of the proteins belonging to TGFbeta family suggests that the particular species of the TGFbeta family should differ distinctly in their influence on the immune response. According to our results obtained from three TGFbeta species of mammals, TGFbeta 2 should be a strong immunosuppressor, whereas for TGFbeta 3 the immunostimulative potency is more probable. TGFbeta 1 species would possess both immunosuppressive and immunostimulative potency, residing in two different loops of the protein. The results obtained also suggest that chicken TGFbeta4 should be associated with immunostimulative effects and xenopus TGFbeta5 with immunosuppressive ones.

DRUG DESCRIPTORS:

*transforming growth factor beta--pharmacology--pd; *transforming growth factor beta--drug comparison--cm; *transforming growth factor beta--drug analysis--an; *transforming growth factor beta--drug development--dv thymopentin--drug comparison--cm MEDICAL DESCRIPTORS:

*delayed hypersensitivity; *immunomodulation

animal experiment; article; controlled study; drug purification; drug synthesis; high performance liquid chromatography; mouse; nonhuman; protein variant

CAS REGISTRY NO.: 69558-55-0 (thymopentin) SECTION HEADINGS:

- 026 Immunology, Serology and Transplantation
- 029 Clinical and Experimental Biochemistry
- 030 Clinical and Experimental Pharmacology

Werns

17/9/4 (Item 2 from file: 73)

DIALOG(R) File 73: EMBASE

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06190248 EMBASE No: 1995227311

Expression of transforming growth factor beta in the embryonic avian lens coincides with the presence of mitochondria

Potts J.D.; Bassnett S.; Beebe D.C.

Department of Anatomy/Cell Biology, Uniformed Svcs. Univ. of Health Sci., 4301 Jones Bridge Road, Bethesda, MD 20814-4799 United States Developmental Dynamics (DEV. DYN.) (United States) 1995, 203/3 (317-323)

CODEN: DEDYE ISSN: 1058-8388 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH SUMMARY LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

During their maturation, lens cells lose all membrane bound organelles, including mitochondria. In chicken embryos this process begins in the central lens fibers beginning around embryonic day 12 (E12). Transforming growth factor beta (TGFbeta) is a multipotent growth modulator thought to play a role in numerous developmental processes. TGFbeta1 has been localized to mitochondria in rat liver cells and muscle cells. In the present study, we examined the expression of TGFbeta isoform mRNAs and proteins during chicken embryonic lens development. PCR analysis demonstrated TGFbeta2 and TGFbeta3 transcripts in the lens epithelium and fibers throughout pre- and post-hatching development. TGFbeta isoforms were detected throughout the lens epithelium and fibers early in development (E6). However by E19, the distribution of TGFbeta2 and TGFbeta3 transcripts and proteins coincided with regions of the lens that contained mitochondria. In addition, intense TGFbeta staining was observed in the basal portions of the equatorial epithelial cells, a region with abundant mitochondria. Transcripts for TGFbetal and TGFbeta4 were not detected in any tissue or time frame examined. Similarly, no immunostaining for TGFbetal was observed.

DRUG DESCRIPTORS:

*transforming growth factor beta

MEDICAL DESCRIPTORS:

*embryo development; *gene expression; *lens

animal cell; article; cell differentiation; cell maturation; cell organelle; chick embryo; embryo; immunoblotting; immunohistochemistry; lens epithelium; mitochondrion; nonhuman; polymerase chain reaction; priority journal

SECTION HEADINGS:

021 Developmental Biology and Teratology

Cloning and characterization of human polyamine-modulated factor-1, a transcriptional cofactor that regulates the transcription of the spermidine/spermine N(1)-acetyltransferase gene.

Wang Y; Devereux W; Stewart T M; Casero R A

Johns Hopkins Oncology Center Research Laboratories, Baltimore, Maryland 21231, USA.

Journal of biological chemistry (UNITED STATES) Jul 30 1999, 274 (31) p22095-101, ISSN 0021-9258 Journal Code: 2985121R

Contract/Grant No.: CA51085; CA; NCI; CA58184; CA; NCI

Document type: Journal Article

Languages: ENGLISH
Main Citation Owner: NLM
Record type: Completed
Subfile: INDEX MEDICUS

increased transcription and ultimate superinduction of the spermidine/spermine N(1)-acetyltransferase (SSAT) gene has been associated with the antineoplastic activity of several new antitumor polyamine analogues. In sensitive tumor cell types, the transcriptional induction appears to be regulated by the constitutive association of the with the Nrf-2 transcription factor recently discovered polyamine-responsive element. Using the yeast two-hybrid system, a new transcriptional cofactor, polyamine-modulated factor-1 (PMF-1), has been identified as a partner protein of Nrf-2 that, in combination with Nrf-2, regulates the polyamine analogue-induced transcription of SSAT. The human - 1 gene , located on chromosome 1 near the 1q12/1q21 border, yields an mRNA transcript of approximately 1.2 kilobases that codes for a 165-amino acid protein with a predicted molecular mass of approximately 20 kDa. The PMF-1 mRNA appears to increase in response to analogue exposure only in analogue-responsive cells. In addition to the transcriptional regulation of SSAT, PMF-1 or similar factors should be considered in the regulation of other polyamine-dependent genes.

Tags: Female; Human; Pregnancy; Support, U.S. Gov't, P.H.S.

Descriptors: *Acetyltransferases--genetics--GE; *Chromosomes, Human, Pair 1; *Gene Expression Regulation, Enzymologic; *Transcription Factors--genetics--GE; *Transcription Factors--metabolism--ME; *Transcription, Genetic; Amino Acid Sequence; Base Sequence; Cell Line; Chromosome Mapping; Cloning, Molecular; DNA Primers; DNA-Binding Proteins--metabolism--ME; Exons; Gene Library; Introns; Molecular Sequence Data; Molecular Weight; Placenta--metabolism--ME; RNA, Messenger--genetics--GE; Recombinant Proteins--chemistry--CH; Transcription Factors--chemistry--CH; Transfection Molecular Sequence Databank No.: GENBANK/AF141308; GENBANK/AF141309; GENBANK/AF141310; GENBANK/AH008078

CAS Registry No.: 0 (DNA Primers); 0 (DNA-Binding Proteins); 0 (RNA, Messenger); 0 (Recombinant Proteins); 0 (Transcription Factors); 0 (nuclear respiratory factor 2); 0 (polyamine-modulated factor 1)

Enzyme No.: EC 2.3.1. (Acetyltransferases); EC 2.3.1.57 (spermidine acetyltransferase)

Record Date Created: 19990819
Record Date Completed: 19990819